

The Edinburgh Evening Courant.

No. 10,296.)

MONDAY,

JANUARY 12. 1784.

Printed for FLEMING AND RAMSAY, in the Old Fish Market Close.

THE LAST WEEK of Mr BRESLAW and his Company
performing in this City.

At St Mary's Chapel, Niddry's Wynd,
THIS, and every evening during the week, in the evening,
will be displayed.

A Variety of New Grand Entertainments,

By Mr Breslaw, Miss Florella, Signor Arcalanti,

Signor Andrea, and Signor Rolligoli.

The particulars of these various performances are too numerous to insert, but the public may be assured, that they will exert their best abilities to merit the approbation of those Ladies and Gentlemen who will have the honour to witness the above-mentioned nights.

Proper music will attend between the acts.

Admittance 2s. each person. — Tickets to be had and places to be taken as usual.

Mr Breslaw's entertainments will be opened at Glasgow, for the first night, on Tuesday the 20th instant.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

THE Members to meet at Fortuna's upon Tuesday the 20th current, at four o'clock.

SIR WILLIAM ERSKINE in the Chair.

WILLIAM HAGART, Sec.

Just arrived, after a very short passage, from Lisbon, in the

Magdalena, Michael Bachop master.

A CHOICE PARCEL OF CHINA AND SEVILLE

ORANGES and LEMONS, in good order, and fully ripe.

Apply to Gavin Kemp and Co. Leith.

RUM and WINES for SALE.

THIS Rum and Wine concern, carried on under the firm of CUNNINGHAM CORBETT, and CO. in which Robert Scott, junr. was a partner, having been dissolved, on the 10th of September last, by mutual consent, he has leave to intimate to his Friends and to the Public, that on Monday the 19th of December, the same business, for HOME SALE and EXPORTATION, commenced, — to be carried on by himself, at his former cellar in Mr Hugh Croft's Close, near the head of the Stockwell, Glasgow, and at his vault in the Old Carron Close, in Time Street, where they may depend on being supplied with Rum, Brandy, Wines, and Bottled Porter, of the best qualities. — On this occasion, R. Scott solicits the countenance of those friends whose favours he experienced previous to and during his connection in the house of C. Corbett and Co.

Merchants, grocers, and others, will be supplied, as usual, at his cellar in the Carron Close, with the following goods, for home consumption and exportation:

Red Vinegar, in casks,

English Cheese, in proper packages for exportation,

Writing Papers,

British Hot-well Water, in buckets,

British Crown Glass, in crests and squares, of the usual sizes, for the

American market,

Boys' Cotton and other Wicks.

Orders addressed to Mr John Forrest merchant in Edinburgh, to R. Scott as above, or at his house in Dunlop Street, will meet with due attention.

GLASGOW, JAN. 3. 1783.

FARMS TO LET.

To be let for Nineteen Years from Whit Sunday next,

THE following FARMS, situated in the county of Peebles,

1. Nether Drochill, in the parish of Newlands, present rent L. 78.

2. Easter Hapfrew, in the parish of Stobo, present rent 131.

3. Standalone, in the parish of Peebles, present rent 30.

All these farms are partly arable, partly sheep-pasture. They are all low rented, and will be let either upon grass, or for advanced rents, as parties can agree.

Offers will be received by John Tait writer to the signet, Shakespeare Square, Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a bargain; and none of the offers will be made public but such as shall be accepted of.

FOR HALIFAX (NOVA-SCOTIA)

THE SHIP REBECCA,

JOHN McCALL Master.

Now lying in the harbour of Port-Glasgow, is clear to take in goods, and will sail by the 10th of February.

For freight or passage apply to Messrs James and Patrick Hunter and Co. Port-Glasgow.

FOR HALIFAX AND PORT-ROSE-WAY,

THE SHIP THOMAS,

ROBERT LINDSAY Master.

Lying in the harbour of Greenock, will be ready to receive goods on board the 10th of January, and clear to sail about the 15th of February.

The Thomas is a good ship, about two years old, a fast-sailer, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to James Mitchell and Co. merchants in Glasgow.

FOR VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND,

THE SHIP ANN,

JAMES HUIE Master.

Now lying at Port-Glasgow, and clear to take in goods for Potomack River, Norfolk, James, York, and Rappahannock Rivers, and positively to be clear to sail by the end of January.

For freight or passage apply to Messrs Hugh Croft and Co. Glasgow; or Smith, Huie, and Co. Port-Glasgow.

N.B. The Ann has good accommodation for passengers, and those who go by her may depend on being well accommodated.

PORT-GLASGOW, Decr 13, 1783.

For Kingston, Black River, & Savannah-la-Mar,

J. A. M. A. C. A.

(To call at Cork)

THE SHIP GRANDVALE,

ROBERT BAINE Master.

Now lying at Port Glasgow, and will be clear to sail by the 1st of February. — For freight or passage apply to Loudoun, Craigie, & Co. merchants, Glasgow, or the Master at Port Glasgow.

N.B. The Grandvale is a fine new ship, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

Betty and Brothers,

David Withart Master.

Now lying in Leith harbour, and chartered for London, will sail in eight days. — If she is sold here, she can be either delivered at Leith or London, as purchasers incline. She carries about 220 tons, has only made one voyage since sheathed, and is otherwise in thorough repair.

For particulars apply to Peter and Francis Forrester and Co. Leith.

On THURSDAY next shall be published, (CORRECTED UP TO THAT DAY) THE THIRD EDITION OF The EDINBURGH ALMANACK for 1784.

EMBRILLED WITH THE ARMS OF
ALL THE SCOTS NOBILITY.

Containing all the usual Lists, with several New Articles, among which is an ABSTRACT of the TAXES imposed last session of Parliament.

The Arms of the Nobility being now finished, complete sets are given with this Almanack, that the public may have the whole before them at one view. Particular attention has been paid to the Lists, and neither pains nor expences have been spared to render them as complete and correct as possible.

Sold at the Warehouse, Old Fish-market Close, and by the Bookellers in town and country. — Bookellers in the West will be supplied by J. Gillies bookfeller, Glasgow.

N.B. The ALMANACK is in the MINISTRY is thrown off on a separate page, and is ready to be delivered at the above warehouse.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE

The Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs,

TO be exposed to SALE, at the Custom-house of the ports and upon the respective days after mentioned, is the hour of twelve noon each day,

FOR HOME CONSUMPTION,

Sundry Parcels of Foreign Tea, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Wines, and others, lately condemned in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer. The goods and conditions of sale to be seen at the respective custom-houses on the morning of the day of sale, and on the day immediately preceding, at custom-house hour.

ALLOA, Wednesday, 14th January 1784 — 176 gallons Geneva, 36 gallons Rum, 110 gallons small Red French Wine, and 4 tons coals.

ABERDEEN, Friday, 16th January 1784 — 103 gallons Brandy, 32 gallons Rum, 57 gallons Geneva, and 2081 gallons Red Portugal Wine.

STRANRAER, Friday, 16th January 1784 — 12 bushels Salt, 12 Bones British Raw Wool, and 320 lbs. Irish Soap.

ROTHSAY, Monday, 20th January 1784 — 320 bushels Salt, 3 chalders 18 bushels Coals, and two open boats, with their furniture.

CAMERLON, Wednesday, 23rd January 1784 — 96 gallons Rum, 378 gallons Red Portugal Wine, 148 gallons White Wine, and an open boat.

KIRKALL, Saturday, 31st January 1784, 682 gallons Geneva, 16 gallons Brandy, and an open boat.

SIR HANS SLOAN'S MILK CHOCOLATE.

MADE only by William White, successor to Mr Nicholas Sanders, at his manufactory and warehouse, No. 8, Creek Street, Soho, London, appointed to be sold by Messrs HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. facing the Tron Church, Edinburgh.

This Chocolate is prepared by the direction of Sir Hans Sloan, (physician to his late Majesty) who drank it forty years, and recommended it to the nobility, gentry, and others his patients and acquaintance, for its effects on the stomach, and salutary effects in consumptive cases, and is now recommended by many eminent Physicians.

N.B. None is genuine that is not signed with my name, and sealed with my arms; the directions for using the Chocolate, have the same arms in the margin.

Mr White also manufactures by a superior method, and appoints to be sold as above, all kinds of Chocolates, as Vinello, Sugar Vinello; Spanish and plain Chocolates. Also, to be had as above, GENUINE GROUND COCOA and COCOA SHELLS; greatly recommended by several physicians, for their lightness on the stomach, and their great use in all consumptive cases.

HOUSES, &c. at INVERKEE to be SOLD.

To be SOLD by public roup, in the Exchange coffee-house, upon Monday the 13th of February next, at 12 o'clock mid-day.

THAT large commodious Dwelling-house, on the fourth side of the High Street of Inverkeelie, with coach-house, stables, and other offices. — At also two large Gardens, declining to the south, well stored with fruit trees of the best kinds, come to maturity; together with an inclosure, about six Scots acres adjoining to the Gardens, and giving access to the Haugh of Inverkeelie, and the walks along the river side; with a large well stocked pigeon-house in the middle of the inclosure. — As also that range of small Houses, lying on the north-east side of the High Street, opposite to the said dwelling-house, consisting of a barn, stable, and hay-loft, and other houses, with the barn-yard and garden; lying at the back of the said range of houses.

— The above principal Lodging is fit to accommodate a numerous and genteel family, and the subjects are presently possessed by J. Campbell, Esq. of Newfield, and others.

The agreeable and healthy situation of Inverkeelie, and the advantage of the schools and markets of Musselburgh, adjoining to said village, all within four computed miles of Edinburgh, with the accommodation of stage-coaches, twice a-day, to and from the same, are all so generally known as readers it altogether unnecessary to enlarge upon them.

The purchasers entry to the above subjects will be at Whit Sunday 1784.

For further particulars application may be made to Edward Bruce writer to the signet, New Edinburgh.

Houses in Edinburgh to be Sold.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 16th of January 1784, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THAT Gentle LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE lying in Carrubber's Close, presently possessed by Mr Young, consisting of a dining-room 18 feet square, a drawing-room 19 feet long by 14 broad, four bed-chambers with closets to each, a large dark closet, a kitchen, two cellars within the house, and many other conveniences fit to accommodate a large family.

LOT II. — That NEAR LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE at the bottom of said Close, presently possessed by Mr Campbell of Dumfries, consisting of four rooms, kitchen, and three large light closets, with other conveniences.

The progress of writs, with the articles of roup, to be seen in the hands of Robert Trotter writer to the signet, who will inform as to other particulars.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Monday the 26th day of January 1784, within John's Coffee-house in Edinburgh, between the hours of four and five afternoon.

THE Lands and Inclosures of Drumdryan, and Inclosure or Garden to the north thereof, being part of the Lands of HIGHRIGGS, consisting of about twelve acres of ground, with the teinds parsonage and vicarage thereof, with an elegant mansion-house, consisting of ten fire rooms with closets, a kitchen, three cellars and three garrets; a stable, coach-house, byre, washing house, and other conveniences, lately built and erected on the said lands, with a seat in the kirk, all lying in the parish of St Cuthbert's, and shire of Edinburgh, within the toll-bar, and within a quarter of an hour's walk (by Hope Park) of the Cross of Edinburgh. The Lands hold of the town of Edinburgh for payment of a few duty of four marks Scots.

The title-deeds and conditions of roup are to be seen in the hands of David Forbes writer in Edinburgh.

NOTICE to CREDITORS.

ALL who have claims against PATRICK M'KELLAR, late Merchant in Greenock, are desired to lodge exact notes thereof, with oaths to their verity, in the hands of Patrick M'Kellar merchant in Greenock, (trustee upon the sequestrated estate of the said Patrick M'Kellar), on or before the 23rd day of March next, as a final dividend of the subject is proposed to be made on Tuesday the 16th day of said month, within the house of John M'Kechie vintner in Greenock, where it is expected all concerned will attend for themselves, or persons authorized to act for them; certifying to all those who refuse or neglect to comply with this notice, that they shall be entirely cut off from having any claim afterwards upon the trustee. Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of Messrs Wilson and Brown, Tobacco Merchants in Glasgow.

THAT upon application of the said Messrs Wilson and Brown, and of David Ruddle merchant in Glasgow, a creditor of the said Messrs Wilson and Brown, the Lord Braxfield, Ordinary officiating on the bills, did, on the 8th of January current, pronounce the following interlocutor:

"The Lord Braxfield, officiating as Ordinary on the bills, having heard the foregoing petition, with the grounds of debt, and additively produced, relevant, and pertinent facts, and the evidence thereon, and the affidavits of Wilson and Brown, as a Company, and of John Wilson and David Ruddle, as individuals, with the addition of all hands and other heritable subjects belonging to them, within Scotland; and appoints their creditors to meet within the House of Mr Shield vintner in Glasgow, upon the 30th January current, at 12 o'clock noon, in order to continue the trustee formerly named, or chuse an interim factor upon the said sequestrated estates, real and personal, in terms of the statute; and grants warrant and commission to the Sheriff Depute or Substituted of Lanarkshire, or failing them to the Sheriff Depute of Glasgow, to attend the said meeting of creditors, receive production of their grounds of debt with the oaths required by the statute, and to sign the minutes of the meeting along with the preses to be chosen thereat, and thereafter to transmit the said minutes, with the acceptance of the interim factor or trustee thereto assigned, to the hands of the clerk to the sequestration, to be kept among the records of Court, for the benefit of all concerned; And ordains the said creditors to be immediately to advertise the sequestration now awarded against the said Company and individuals of it, in the Edinburgh Evening Courant and Caledonian Mercury, in terms of the statute; and likewise to record the petition and this deliverance in the register of general inhibitions, in terms of the statute, under the certification therein mentioned."

And the said Lord Braxfield, Ordinary on the bills, in pursuance of the said interlocutor, did, on the 8th of January current, pronounce the following interlocutor:

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WHEN the character of a statesman is concerned, the business of attack is much easier than that of defence. In spite of all the honesty of Lord Shelburne, I doubt if you could have displayed your amazing powers to such advantage, in removing the load of disgrace which covers him; and in spite of the vast abilities and integrity of the Ministry, who perhaps still retain their places, you would find it extremely difficult to defend them against all the aspersions and insinuations of their enemies. I applaud you therefore for assuming a task better suited to your capacity. You ransack the newspapers, and collect their scattered sweets of scandal and abuse, as a grateful repast to those who employ you. The chief praise, however, is due to your industry; for few will commend your judgment in the selection. Allow me to point out to you some of the inadvertencies into which your zeal has betrayed you.

Can you really hope to convince a single man that the American war was terminated by a glorious peace? Or do you think the assertion, which equally insults our senses and misfortune, is in any degree excusable? Do you imagine we have lost all recollection of the past? On no other supposition can I account for your extolling for integrity and abilities a Ministry notoriously devoid of both; a Ministry formed upon the most evident sacrifices of principle; a Ministry contemptible for ignorance, to whom it was so natural to blunder, that men doubted whether their shameful desertion of the unhappy Loyalists, a piece of treachery unheard of among nations, proceeded from corruption or stupidity. Are these the victories, these the triumphs, these the successful negotiations you so highly celebrate?

You say you never was (like the rest of the nation) possessed with an opinion of Lord North's private integrity. Believe me, Sir, you were. You were one of those who believed in the integrity and abilities of Lord Shelburne's administration, of their triumphs and victories, of the glorious peace, when you assert that the coalition had not the public confidence, and when you attack Lord North's private character, you are equally contradicted by the general sense of the nation. Let me likewise add, that your notion of the prodigious force of your own talents is another subject on which you may be singular. Hear this, my Lord North, and tremble. "Be assured, if you ever again attempt, I will make it the subject of a separate correspondence." Truly, a dreadful threat! It must certainly terrify the Noble Lord out of the small share of senses you have allowed him.

Your attack on the coalition is conducted with the true spirit of that wise senator, who thought, and perhaps very justly, that the voice of a stalling would have more weight in Parliament than his own. But I question if even Mr Martin himself would have descended so low as to tell us, like a superstitious old woman, that Lord North was in compact with the devil! Having demonstrated to our full conviction, that Satan had a hand in the coalition, and indulged your clamorous disposition against his unconstitutional interference, you afterwards exhibit the late ministry in another point of view: Forgetting that the coalition was merely a co-operation in measures of state, you talk of it as a new friendship between two private men, formerly enemies to one another. But even such a friendship, though it may appear mean to one of your vindictive disposition, is condemned by no code of morality that ever I heard of. And, among men invested with public character, resentment or animosities ought to be no rule of conduct, even while they last; far less ought they to be judiciously revived after they are forgotten.

If, instead of such men was to prevent, for the future, their agreement on any subject, we might soon expect to see each individual at variance with all the rest, and the minister supported only by his own vote. In so far as men agree in their opinions, in as far may they co-operate with one another; and it is even the part of a true patriot not to insist on his own peculiar notions; on some occasions, when he cannot persuade the men with whom he acts into his way of thinking. This cannot fairly be called a desertion of principle, for no one man agrees with any other on every subject; and when we talk of men of the same principles, we do not mean the position absolutely, but only in a relative sense, that such men agree in many important subjects, while some other men are agreed in none. But the coalition are in no need even of this defence against you, for you have not brought forward a single fact in proof of your bold assertion, that a mutual sacrifice of every principle they had maintained for ten years "took place." Nay, what is more extraordinary, their opponents in Parliament, who, though not more willing, are fully as able as yourself to expose their inconsistencies, have yet said little more, than that Mr Fox and Lord North were of different sentiments concerning the American war, a subject which can never revive to distract their councils.

A ministry composed of characters highest in the public esteem for vigour and capacity, supported by the most respectable and independent men in Parliament, in whom, from their situation, the people had a sure pledge against the secret influence of which you complain, are discarded through that very secret influence, assisted by a daring violation of the privilege of Parliament, an act too black to be avowed, yet too well known to be denied. If honest men lament such a public misfortune, if they deplore the future instability which threatens our government, what bounds can they set to their indignation at finding, for the names of Fox and North, those of Sidney and Caermarthen; and all the other departments of state filled up with a motley groupe of unsledged boys, and men formerly unknown in public affairs.

Edin. Jan. 10.

TIMOLEON.

TO THE PRINTER.

SIR,
THE Aërostatic Balloons, lately invented in France, have made a considerable noise in the philosophical world; but the principles on which they act are very little known to the generality of people.

A very considerable number of adventurers have, at different times, ascended into the air by the assistance of Balloons, whose descent is produced by letting out a portion of the inflammable air, and regulated by ballast, which may be detached if the velocity should appear too precipitate. One of these courageous adventurers is said to have ascended till the Barometer fell ten inches, which on a rough calculation gives upwards of two English miles perpendicular height. Two others travelled over the city of Paris, passing through an ex-

tent of about seven miles horizontally. This last aerial voyage was not made like the former, by the assistance of inflammable air, but merely by the help of that expansion which common air is susceptible of by being heated; an improvement of the practice than any other since the original invention. For the inflammable air, though composed out of materials which are very cheap, comparatively with other chemical articles, is very expensive, on account of the large quantity required to be produced. But in this last mentioned excursion, a long column closed above, and open below, was substituted instead of the Balloon. Beneath the column was suspended a brazier, and a stage for the operators. Straw being burned in the brazier, the heated air ascended into the column, which at length became buoyant, and carried up the fire, together with the managers. It will be readily conceived that a continuance of the fire would assist the ascending motion, by increasing the quantity of rarefied air; and, on the contrary, that gradual condensation, by cooling the internal air, and by the admixture of the exterior air at the mouth of the column, would cause it to descend whenever the fire was remitted or put out.

A. B.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, Jan. 6.
Whitehall, Jan. 6. 1784.

THE King has been pleased to grant to the Right Hon. the Earl of Tankerville, and to the Right Hon. Henry Frederick Carteret, the office of Post Master General. The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Hon. Sir George Yonge, Bart. to be his Majesty's Secretary at War.

Dublin Castle, December 20. This day Thomas Kelly and John Fitzgibbon, Esqrs. were, by his Majesty's command, sworn of his Majesty's most honourable Privy Council in this kingdom, and took their places at the Board accordingly.

Dublin Castle, December 22. Letters Patent have been passed under the Great Seal of this kingdom, containing a grant unto the Right Hon. John Fitzgibbon of the office and place of his Majesty's Attorney General of Ireland.

LLOYD'S MARINE LIST, Jan. 6.

This day arrived at the General Post Office a mail from Lisbon, brought by the Hamden packet boat to Falmouth in 13 days.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, Dec. 27. On the night of the 24th, five ships were lost on this coast, and three of the crews perished; the Venus, Albion, and the Rodney, — are two of them.

Yarmouth, Jan. 4. Yesterday drove on shore near Corten, in a hard gale of wind, the Janet, of Leith, James Curry master, from Faro to Hull, loaded with oil, fruit, and cork; the ship quite a wreck; the crew and part of the cargo saved. Wind E. S. E. to S. S. W.

The Sally, Scallion, or Kehoe, from Dublin to Baltimore, drove on shore in Dublin bay; the cargo much damaged.

The Beckford, Kibett, from London to Ancona and Trieste, is put into Falmouth, where she must unload part of her cargo to stop a leak, having received some damage from being on shore upon the Margate Sands, with the pilot on board.

The Good Intent, Buckingham, from Amsterdam to Southampton, is lost upon the life of Wight.

Winds at Deal—Jan. 2. E. 3. and 4. W. S. W. 5. E. N. E.

From	M A I L S.		Monday.		Tuesday.	
	Arriv'd	Due.	Arriv'd	Due.	Arriv'd	Due.
Holland.	—	1	—	2	—	3
Flanders.	—	1	—	2	—	3
France.	—	1	—	1	—	1
Lisbon.	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jamaica.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Leeward.	—	—	—	—	—	—

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Petersburg, December 2. The Nerva began on the 17th ult. to be frozen over, and will not be navigable again till the return of the fine season. The river has been open this year 206 days.

According to the last advices from the Crimea, a corps of Russian troops had some time ago been put in march for Georgia.

L O N D O N, — Jan. 6.

This being Twelfth-Day, the same was observed at St James's as usual; the Lord Chamberlain attended Divine Service at the Chapel Royal, and made the usual offerings by order of his Majesty.

It is, we find, customary for the Bishops and some of the Dignified Clergy to wait on a Great Personage on the first day of the new year. The unexpected and unusual speech made to that respectable body on this occasion was matter of great surprise, and at present engages the conversation of the great world. The purport, as we are informed, was, that as he had not invaded the property and rights of any man, he would he not suffer his own rights to be encroached upon; reprobating the East India bill, and expressing the highest opinion of the integrity and abilities of Mr Hastings.

It is now certain that the plan of the Ministers, with regard to the East Indies, is to take only the political government of the territories into their hands, and leave the commerce with the proprietary; and because even this would be a violation of chartered rights, which is a thing too sacred for them to undertake, the Company are to come forward, and make a voluntary surrender of this part of their rights.

We hear that the sinking fund is to be put into the management of Commissioners, to be appointed for that purpose, and the whole produce of it, amounting to upwards of two millions, is to be applied quarterly to the purchasing in the market the funded debt which bears the lowest price; the commission is to last for 12 years irrevocably; it is to be one of the first measures of the new Ministry.

This morning some dispatches were received from St Lucia, which were brought over in the Experiment, Captain Walter, arrived off Falmouth. They are dated the 20th of October, and contain an account of several ships being arrived there from New York, which had landed many Loyalists, who intended to settle on that island if they possibly could.

Earl Temple is making preparations to set out to take possession of the Viceroyship of Ireland, letters of recall having been sent to Lord Northampton, the present Lord Lieutenant, for that purpose.

The School for Scandal, and the Genius of Anticipation (Mess. Sheridan and Tickell), are indefatigable (says a correspondent) in the use of their paragraphical small arms against the present Administration. Indeed, they are appendages to the Coalition, whose very subsistence is at stake, and their industry is natural; but their virulence and scurrility is not prudent.

Little folks suffer for such offences let what will be the case.

St. James's Chron.
The famous coalition (says the same writer) mean to their all at the next meeting of Parliament; and to run perate lengths, under the assumed characters of men of people. Mr F., on being admonished of certain dangers driving the K. to extremities, replied—"What? thou to me of the hangman? If I hang, I'll make a fat of gallows. For if I hang, old Sir John hangs with me; thou knowest he is no starveling!"—*Ibid.*

The whole of the Turkish military forces throughout the States of the Ottoman Empire, is estimated in the following manner:

INFANTRY.		Men.
Jannissaries		113,000
Toptchi		15,000
Kumbardchi		2,000
Mehterdchi		6,000
Bostandchi		12,000
Serradsche		6,000
Cairo Militia		3,000
Leventi		32,000
Marines		18,400
Total of the Infantry		207,400
CAVALRY.		
Spahis		10,000
Sayms and Tymar		132,054
Defchebedschy		18,000
Saghnam		4,000
Mikladschy		6,000
Volunteers		10,000
Tartars		60,000
Total of the Cavalry		240,054

The infantry and cavalry united, form together a total of 447,454 men. Nevertheless all cannot take the field; 50,000 are wanted for the sea service, 20,000 for the garrison of Constantinople, 100,000 for the other garrisons of the fortresses and towns of the empire; these three numbers joined, form a total of 170,000 men. There remains then for the land armies 277,454 men; if we deduct from them the 60,000 Tartars (Crimea being now under the dominion of Russia) and again 20,000 men sick, straggling, or dead on the roads, the whole army will be reduced to about 190,000 men.

The following is a fact:—An hamper, in which were a small bag, containing 11 guineas, and some elegant cups and saucers, was last week received by a gentleman in the city, with a letter, containing the following remarkable words:—"Sir, on the 18th of June last I robbed you of 11 guineas, and now return it to you with many thanks. I knew you well. Distress caused the act. Present to your wife and daughter these cups and saucers; they are very pretty. I am your humble servant, —"

The following experiment was tried on Wednesday morning last to determine the extremity of the cold, by a gentleman at St Alban's:—A stage was erected in a northern aspect ten feet high, on which were placed three bottles slightly corked; in one was an equal part of brandy and water; in the second two thirds brandy and one of water; and in the third three fourths brandy and one of water; they were taken down the next morning at day-light, when one was cloudy and a little coagulated; the other bore the appearance of frozen oil; and the last was a congealed mass of ice. On being placed at equal distances from a coal fire, the first was one hour and a half in being reduced to its original state; the second three hours and twenty minutes in dissolving; and the last, which was fully frozen, after continuing six hours, was not wholly dissolved. From this experiment it is supposed by the gentleman who made the trial (having made similar ones in every frosty season for forty years) the frost was at that time more intense than ever before felt here, and within a degree and a half of the cold in the Greenland seas.

Yesterday morning died Griffin Ransom, Esq; father to the Right Hon. Lady Kinnaird, at his Lordship's house in Grosvenor-street.

Necessary CAUTIONS for January 1784.

It is particularly recommended at this season not to eat too many cherries, or strawberries, nor let children eat too many green pease.

Parents are cautioned not to permit their children to bathe in the river, or in the ponds about the fields. The ladies, in particular, are advised, for a few days, to desist from going into the Thames.

Churchwardens are recommended not to feed the poor, during this month, upon house lamb.

It is hoped the managers of Vauxhall will not open their gardens for at least a fortnight.

Gentlemen are requested not to angle in the Serpentine river for a few days.

Orders ought to be given, that no person pluck roses, pinks, jessamine, or other flowers, from off the borders in Kensington gardens.

It is advisable not to take the bed-curtains down, or sleep with the windows open.

Persons who regard their health should not eat too many cucumbers, or too much raspberry-ice, during this month.

City tradesmen are advised not to sit quiet in their gardens at Islington, Newington, &c. smoking their pipes without their coats, and their shirt collars open.

The Bishops and Judges are recommended not to play at throwing snow balls, or slide upon the ice in St James's Park.

The inhabitants of London and Westminster merit every praise for withholding, this season, their usual contribution for the relief of the poor, as starving them will effectually put a period to their miseries.

Butchers and fishmongers are advised not to sell their meat and fish under prime cost while this weather continues.

PRICE of STOCKS this Day at One o'Clock.

BANK STOCK.		India Ann.	
4 per cent.	1777, 72½	Ditto Bonds,	4½
3½ per cent.	1758, —	Escheq. Bills,	—
3 per cent. cons.	56½	Navy and Vict. Bills,	20 disc.
3 per cent. red.	—	3 per cent. Scrip.	58
3 per cent. 1726.	—	4 per cent. ditto,	74½
Long Ann. 1733-16th a 1	—	Omnium,	—
Ditto, 1777.	—	Lottery Tickets,	—
Short do. 1778.	—	EXCHANGERS ON	
South Sea Stock,	—	Amsterdam,	36
Ditto Old Ann.	—	Ditto sight,	35 8
Ditto New Ann.	—	Rotterdam,	36 1 2½ U.
3 per cent. 1711.	—	Hamburgh,	33 8 2½ U.
India Stock,	1 43½	Oporto,	5 7½

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Jan. 6.

"The Bishop presented their annual address to the King on Thursday last, to which his Majesty gave a most gracious answer, in which among other things it was remarked that he said, 'It was his determination to maintain inviolate his prerogatives.'"

"The friends of the present Ministry say, that, as Lord North alone stands in the way of a general reconciliation of parties, and that he alone interrupts the formation of a broad bottom, on account of the declaration of certain leaders, that they never would coalesce with him, the Noble Lord ought to retire from public business for two or three years—he ought to put his scheme of going abroad into execution, which he thought of on his first coming out of place. And surely, if the Noble Lord should agree to this, nobody would object to give him an ample pension, and to provide for his friends. Then a coalition would be formed of all the virtue, talents, and strength of the country, and an Administration would be erected on the ruins of faction permanent and effective."

"There is no doubt but these divisions among our state adventurers are favourable to the people, since every faction pays court in its turn to the public, and endeavours to conciliate its favour by popular acts. Thus the Rockingham party in their efforts to overthrow the Administration of Lord North, brought in their bills of reform, and having pledged themselves, they were obliged when they came into office to adhere to their plans. Mr Burke's bill passed by this means, for which every political man has been very sorry ever since; thus Mr Crewe's bill—thus the Contractors bill passed—and it was on account of this commotion about reform, that Lord North in his turn appointed the Commission of accounts—The Earl of Shelburne, not to be behind-hand, gave to the public a volume of promises in the speech from the Throne, and several plans of reform were introduced. They yet remain to be carried into execution; and now that the party is again in office, we look for these plans at their hand. This is the only use the people ought to make of these adventures—In their struggles and contests they do that when out of place which they are sorry for when they come in. Let us at all times keep them to their promises, and by this means we shall verify the adage, 'that when rogues fall out, &c.'"

"The Danish East-India Company imported last year upwards of 20,000 large chests of tea, the major part of which was smuggled from Denmark into these kingdoms, and according to the accounts from Elsinore they have the whole cargoes of two ships lately arrived from the East to dispose of in the same manner, having little or no vent for their Asiatic importation in the North, as very little tea is used in Denmark, Norway, or Sweden. This is one among other facts of a similar nature, which strongly inculcate the necessity of putting an immediate stop to smuggling, by which more than two millions of pounds sterling are every year lost to the revenue, very greatly to the injury of the fair trader. The penalty on smuggling hops into the kingdom is death, without benefit of clergy; why not extend that, or some other heavy punishment, to the smuggling of every other article. There is no doubt, a bill of this kind would meet with opposition from those speculators, to whom the smuggling trade is such a source of riches; but its utility would be felt by every individual, because, if the customs and excise were productive, other taxes might be dispensed with."

This day the High Court of Judiciary met, in order to proceed to the trial of John Grant, jun. writer in Edinburgh, accused of subornation of perjury; but he not appearing, the usual sentence of fugitation and outlawry was therefore pronounced, and his bail declared to be forfeited.

His Majesty's commission, appointing Hay Campbell, Esq; Lord Advocate of Scotland, was read. His Lordship took the usual oaths, and was received by the Court accordingly.

The commission, appointing Robert Dundas, Esq; younger of Arncliffe, to be his Majesty's Solicitor General for Scotland, was also read. Mr Dundas took the oaths, and was received by the Court accordingly.

The Lord Advocate has appointed the following gentlemen to be Advocates-depute.

Robert Blair, Esq;
Alexander Abercromby, Esq; and
William Craig, Esq;

The Court of Session meets to-morrow.
Mrs Hay of Belton was safely delivered of a son on Saturday last, the 10th current, at Belton.

Yesterday died, at his house of Nibet, John Carre, Esq; Died, on Monday last, at Garfielden house, William Colquhoun, Esq; of Garfielden.

A correspondent observes, that, if the slaughter of the birds was in any proportion to the numbers who have been arms against them for some time past, nothing less than the extermination of the feathered tribes, in this part, could be looked for. But this is not likely to be the case; for a company of these annual musqueteers, consisting of sixteen, who, amongst many others, took the field last week, only brought down one snipe, two crows, and a sparrow. It was, however, strongly suspected by the party, that they had wounded a woodcock, but not mortally.

Lord Fortescue some time since gave orders to his steward to make a deduction in the rents of all his tenants in Lincolnshire who suffered by the failure of their crops in 1782.—A most worthy deed, deserving the imitation of those blessed with affluence.

A rick of hay was a few days ago sold in lots, by auction, in a field near Ulverston, in Yorkshire, and, in weighing it off to the respective purchasers, a large quantity of lace and other costly articles were found in it, to the value of 370l. They were proved to be the property of Mr Robert Fell, mercer in Ulverston, whose shop was lately robbed.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, Jan. 7.

"This day a general meeting of the Burgesses of Aberdeen, previously called by public advertisement, was held at the New Concert-hall, Queen's Street. The proceedings of the Committee since their last circular letter, of the 22d November, as well as the purpose of the present meeting, was very accurately stated by Mr Barron, the President. Every part of the business was conducted with the greatest regularity, and every measure proposed carried with the most perfect unanimity. The meeting, in one voice, approved of sending two delegates from the Committee to the General Convention of all the Burghs who have declared for the necessity of reform in the election of Magistrates, Council, and Members of Parliament, to be held at Edinburgh the 25th

March next. Their determination to proceed in this important business till the reform proposed be happily accomplished, was evinced by every gentleman present subscribing liberally towards necessary incidental expenses. The meeting voted their thanks to Mr Baron the President, Mr Ewen the Secretary, and to all the gentlemen of the Committee; for their unremitting attention to the general business.—There were added to the committee the following names:

Mr George Cruden George Strahan, Esq;
Mr Arthur Gibbon Hugh Leslie, Esq;
Mr William Gibbon Mr John Jamieson
Mr John Still Mr William Ritchie
Mr Alexander Abernethy Mr Alexander Cuthbertson."

To the PRINTER of the EDINBURGH EVENING COURANT.
SIR,

ALLOW me to express my satisfaction at seeing an advertisement from the CHAMBER of COMMERCE at Glasgow in your last paper. I had read a few posts ago in the London Gazette, an account of sundry ships from CLYDE having been wilfully lost, in order to defraud the insurers or underwriters, as they are called. At that moment I blushed for my country, and felt ashamed at being a Scotman. I anxiously waited for some explanation or disavowal of the fact from the merchants in the West.

The Members of this useful and honourable institution, the Chamber of Commerce, have taken up the inquiry, and have formed resolutions becoming their characters as gentlemen and as merchants; and it is to be hoped that they will, for the honour of the country, and particularly for their quarter of it, investigate this disgraceful and criminal business to the bottom, so as to bring those concerned to condign punishment.

It is well known that insurance is the very foundation and support of commerce, for, without it, trade could not be carried on to any great extent. The insurers (or underwriters, as technically termed), have it not in their power to commit a fraud. They must depend on the integrity and honesty of the person who makes the insurance; and they are bound to pay losses and averages, however unjust, if they cannot come at circumstances clearly to prove them fraudulent. Upon this account, Lord Mansfield, in the course of the most extensive practice and means of knowledge of commercial affairs, always checked severely every species of fraud, deceit, or concealment against a body of men so useful and necessary in a commercial country.

The time has been, Sir, when the term *Barish Merchant* was synonymous with a man of probity; but it would now appear, that several people, under cover of that honourable and respectable appellation, have been, for years, carrying on a deliberate system of the most atrocious villainy.

The needy ignorant wretch who pilfers for support, or who demands money openly on the high-way, is justly condemned by the laws of his country to an ignominious death. Yet shame to human nature—shame to justice and equity—men of education and opulence, forgetting every principle of honour and conscience, become worse than common thieves and robbers; and, under a false character, think to escape punishment. They are supported in luxury and splendor, by robbing by wholesale, while the pitiful pilferer suffers at the tree for a mite.

It must be the sincere wish of every honest man, that the Crown officers, whose duty it is to take cognizance of crimes against society, will shew their spirit in assisting the Chamber of Commerce, in detecting and bringing to justice such flagrant villainy. I am, &c. A MERCHANT.

SHIP-NEWS.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.

Jan. 6. Several vessels from Ireland, the Highlands, &c.

SAILED.

Jan. 6. Eolus, Wright, for Jamaica, with goods.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Jan. 12. Nancy, Cathness, from Dundee, with barley; Nelly, Clark, from Limekins, with coals; Janet and Margaret, Scotland, from Alloa, with ditto.

SAILED.

Jan. 12. Friendship, Milne, for Aberdeen, with goods; Mary, Sibbald, for ditto, with ditto; Mary, Bell, for Carroon, in ballast.

The Sequel of THEOPHRASTUS'S *Character* between the years 1763 and 1783 is received, and shall have a place, if possible, on Wednesday.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 14, will be presented (not acted here these many years) the TRAGEDY of

THE GAMESTER.

Beverley, Mr WOODS,
Lewson, Mr Bell—Jurvis, Mr Sparks—Bates, Mr Simpson—Dawson, Mr Tannet—Water, Mr Bland jun.—And Stukely, Mr Sutherland.
Charlotte, Mrs Woods—Lucy, Mrs Mills,
And Mrs Beverley, — Mrs BADDELEY.
To which will be added (never acted here) a Musical Farce, called

R O S I N A.

As performing at the Theatre-Royal, Covent Garden, with general applause.

(Taken from the beautiful Tale of PARSIFAL and LAVINIA, in Thomson's Seasons.)

William, — Mr MOSS,
Captain Belville, Mr Bell—Mr Irishman, Mr Simpson—Mr Irishman, Mr J. Bland—And Belville, Mr Tannet.
Phoebe, Mrs Sparks—Dorcas, Mrs Mountfort,
And Rosina, Mrs MORRIS.

In Act I. A Rural Ballad Dance in Character, by Mr Davis and Mrs Tannet.

The Public are requested to observe, that the Curtain will rise punctually at a QUARTER AFTER SIX.

The new comedy of the Bold Stroke for a Husband, and the favourite farce of the Agreeable Surprise, were performed on Saturday evening to a very numerous audience with universal applause.—Due notice will be given of their next representation.

DUNDEE ASSEMBLY.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

THE FOURTH Subscription Assembly of this season will be held in the Town-hall on Tuesday evening the 20th instant. Dancing will begin at seven o'clock precisely.

DUNDEE, JAN. 12 1784.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 11th day of February 1784, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

THAT Large New Tenement in Merchant Street, built by Patrick Taylor, smith in Edinburgh, consisting of five flats, a sunk story, water pipe, and other conveniences. To be let up in four lots, viz. the first flat and sunk story in one lot; the two next flats in two separate lots, and the fourth and fifth flats in one lot.

The whole tenement has been some time in the possession of good tenants, and stands insured in the Friendly Insurance Office against fire. For further particulars enquire at George Watson, at Mr Thomas Macdonald's clerk to the signet.

EDINBURGH, JAN. 12, 1784.

THIS Day the Magistrates, on a proof of the present selling price of wheat, reduced the price of Bread HALF AN ASSIZE, to begin on Thursday first, and have appointed the following Table of Weights and Prices then to take place:

(AVERDUPPOISE.)		lb.	oz.	dr.
The penny loaf wheaten is to weigh		0	9	11
Ditto household is to weigh		0	13	1
The two-penny loaf wheaten is to weigh		1	3	6
Ditto household is to weigh		1	7	11
The halfpenny loaf wheaten is to weigh		0	4	13
Ditto household is to weigh		0	6	8
Loaves or bricks sold at 10d. per dozen, to weigh each loaf or brick,	Wheaten,	0	8	3
	Household,	0	10	11
Ditto sold at 5d. per dozen, to weigh	Wheaten,	0	4	11
	Household,	0	5	5
		lb.	oz.	dr.
The peck loaf to weigh	17	6	0	0
		to be sold, wheaten for		
		and the household for		
The half-peck loaf,	8	11	0	0
		to be sold, wheaten for		
		and the household for		
The quarter loaf,	4	5	8	0
		to be sold, wheaten for		
		and the household for		

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, late Chamberlain of Kintyre, are desired to meet, by themselves or agents, within the house of Mrs Watson, Campbelltown, upon the 28th current.—The intention is, to sign powers to James Maxwell, Sheriff-substitute in Kintyre, to turn the effects into money—to determine all questions concerning them—and to divide the produce amongst the creditors. Such as cannot attend, may signify their inclinations by letters to Mr Maxwell; and it will be for the general good that they do so before the meeting.

14th JANUARY 1784.

NOTICE.

To the CREDITORS of CUMING, M'KENZIE, AND CO. Merchants in Glasgow, and John Cuming and John M'Kenzie, two of the partners of the above Company, as Individuals.

THAT, upon an application by them, and William French, Esq; merchant in Glasgow, one of their creditors, the Lord Swinton, Ordinary officiating on the Bills, upon the 10th current, sequestrated the whole real and personal estates belonging to them, both as partners and as individuals, situated within Scotland; and appointed the creditors to meet in the house of Peter M'Kinlay, vintner in Glasgow, upon Tuesday the 20th instant, at twelve o'clock, in order to name an interim factor, in terms of the statute.

Of which intimation is hereby given to all concerned.

C. H. Clerk.

Furnished House, Gardens, & Farm of Beantston, IN EAST-LOTHIAN.

TO be LET, and entered to at Candlemas next, for three years, the House of BEANTSTON, completely furnished in the most elegant manner, with the offices, garden, fruit-walls, green-house, pleasure-ground, and dove-cot, together with the parks of Beantston, consisting of about 90 acres, all inclosed and well watered, with the farm-steadings.

This house is large and commodious, pleasantly situated upon a rising ground three miles east of Haddington, within half a mile of the great post-road; commands extensive prospects of the greater part of East and Mid-Lothian, frith of Forth, and coast of Fife, and is very central for markets and all kinds of game. The fruit-walls are extensive, and stocked with the best kinds of fruit-trees, particularly apricots, and carry heavy crops.

For further particulars apply to James Stormont, writer in Edinburgh; John Burnet, overseer at Beantston, will show the premises.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 9th day of March 1784, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills.

The following Subjects, which pertained to THOMAS JOHNSTON of Crawthats, viz.

Lot I.
The Two Merk Lands, of old extent, of UPPER and NETHER CRAWTHATS, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Tundergarth and shire of Dumfries.

The yearly rent of these Lands, free of all deductions, is proven to be L. 61 14 4 3/4ths

Which the Lords have valued at twenty-three years purchase; in that the upset-price is, L. 1419 10 1 9/16ths

The farm of Crawthats is of considerable extent, and is known to be one of the best grazing farms in Annandale. The lands are held feu of the Crown for payment of 2s. 7d. 8 1/2 pence yearly, and stand rated in the cess-books, in *capite*, with the lands of Graines, Pearshyhall, and others, at 700 merks Scots. The proprietor has a complete right to the tiends.

Lot II.
The Lands of HOLEMEADOW and DOGBUSHINOW, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Tundergarth and shire of Dumfries. The free yearly-rent of these lands, deducting all public burdens, and setting aside a fifth part for tiend, is L. 14 6 0

Which, at twenty-three years purchase, amounts to L. 328 18 0

And the privilege of purchasing the free tiends, being 3l. 6s. 8d. is rated at five years purchase, or 16 13 4

Upset-price of Lot II. L. 345 11 4

These lands are held feu of the Viscount of Stormont for payment of 30l. Scots yearly.

They are pleasantly situated on the water of Milk, and capable of great improvement.

The articles of roup and title-deeds may be seen by applying to Mr Thomas Bruce depute clerk of session, or Alexander Young writer in Edinburgh; and copies of the articles are also lodged with Francis Shortt writer in Dumfries.

LANDS near HAMILTON to be SOLD.

There will be Sold by Private Bargain,

THE Lands and Estates of EARNOCK and MITTLE EARNOCK, lying in the parish of Hamilton and shire of Lanark.—These lands consist of 504 1/2 acres Scots measure, and amount in free rent at 2s. 7d. 1-3d Sterling yearly, valuing the lands moderately that are in the proprietor's natural possession; and when the present leases expire, some of the farms will rise considerably.

These lands are most delightfully situated about a mile to the south-west of Hamilton. The grounds are all completely inclosed, and divided into convenient inclosures, well sheltered with plantations, which are all in a thriving condition, some of them very valuable, and the grounds are all in excellent heart and condition.

Upon the lands of Earnock there is a large commodious mansion-house, with good office-houses of all kinds; and upon the lands of Little Earnock there is likewise a good commodious dwelling-house, of a smaller size, covered with blue slate. And in the above rental there is no value put upon the said mansion-houses and office-houses, nor upon the woods and plantations upon the said lands.

The premises are held of his Grace the Duke of Hamilton for payment of 2l. 4s. 4d. 4-12ths Sterling of feu-duty yearly.

For further particulars application may be made to Captain James Robertson, the proprietor, at Earnock, or to Samuel Mitchellson, jun. clerk to the signet, who will show a plan and survey of the estate, with the rental and progress of writings, which is clear and complete.

LANDS in CAITHNESS to be SOLD.

TO be Sold by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 17th of March 1784, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon,

The Lands of OVER and NETHER BILBUSTERS, with the Mill thereof,—the Lands called OILCROOK and QUOYJACKS, and Pertinents, lying in the parish of Wick and shire of Caithness. These lands pay of yearly rent to the proprietor 86l. Sterling, besides public burdens; and as the rent has not been raised for many years past, and the tack by which they were lately held is expired, they will admit of a considerable rise of rent. They hold of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess-books of the county at 237l. 14s. 7d. Scots; and there is a commodious dwelling-house on the premises, built about fifteen years ago.

Persons inclining to purchase may apply, for further particulars, to Charles Mackenzie writer in Edinburgh.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the British Coffeehouse, Bristol-Street, upon Wednesday the 21st of January 1784, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon.

THAT Lodging or Dwelling-house, being the first story of that tenement of land lying in the south-east corner of Crishton-Street, presently possessed by Mrs M'Culloch of Barholm.
The lodging is lately built, conveniently situated, and consists of four rooms and a kitchen; besides a large garret-room with a vent, and two cellars in the back-court, where there is a well. The yearly rent is 16l. 10s.

For further particulars apply to William Riddell writer to the Signet.

SALE of a TACK.

To be Sold by public roup, within the house of William Paton, in Greenfoot of Dalgaun (or Sorn), upon Saturday the 24th of January current.

The BENEFIT of the TACK of the Lands of BLACKSIDEND, with the whole Sheep Stock thereon, lying in the parish of Dalgaun and Sorn of Ayr, of which tack there is forty years to run after Martinmas last.

These lands are well known to be remarkable for the good stock of sheep and wool they rear, both with respect to the size and healthiness of the sheep, and fine quality of the wool. Besides the hill ground, which contains near forty score of sheep, there is betwixt ninety and a hundred acres of good arable ground, with a large meadow, all inclosed from the hill ground by a stone dyke, and subdivided with a ditch and hedge.

The tack is to be sold for a grassum or entry money only, besides paying the present low rent of 500 merks Scots, and some casualties.

For further particulars apply to Gavin Hamilton, writer in Mauchline, in whose custody the tack and conditions of sale are, and who will cause show the lands.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Mrs Buchan, victress in Greenlaw, upon Monday the 26th of January 1784, at twelve o'clock noon.

THE Lands and Estate of GORDONBANK, lying in the parish of Glenisla and shire of Berwick. The rent is upwards of 1400l. Sterling yearly. There is a good mansion-house upon the premises, with suitable office-houses, a garden and orchard, and a good deal of old planting.

Gordonbank is pleasantly situated, having a commanding and most extensive prospect. The lands are all inclosed, the fences in good order, and the one-half of the lands is in old grass, and may be entered to immediately.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor at Gordonbank, or to Alexander Christie, jun. writer in Dunfermline, in whose hands the writs and conditions of roup may be seen.

FARMS in the COUNTY of PEEBLES

T O L E T

THE following FARMS upon the Estate of SKIRLING, parish thereof, and county of Peebles, viz.

1. That Farm called DOWNHEAD, some time possessed by Alexander White, consisting of the following particulars:

Croft land and arable field land, 195 3 27

Meadow ground inclosed, 3 0 9

In all, 198 3 36

2. The Farm called the NEW MAIRNS of SKIRLING, consisting of

Croft and arable field land, 153 2 5

Meadow ground, 11 0 14

In all, 164 2 19

These two farms are presently in grass, and may be entered to at Whitunday next. They will be let either separately or in one farm, which last they will answer extremely well.

3. The Farm called KNOCKEND, lying in the said parish of Skirling, presently possessed by James Wilkin, consisting of

Croft land inclosed, 7 3 20

Croft and arable field land, not inclosed, 206 2 30

In all, 214 2 10

This last farm will be entered to at Whitunday next as to the houses and grass, and to the arable land, at the separation of the crop from the ground.

These farms are all fine dry ground, and the barony of Skirling is remarkable for producing grain of the best quality.

The baron officer at Skirling will show the grounds; Mr James Henderson at Kirkcaldy will inform as to every particular; and whoever inclines to take any of these farms may apply to Cornelius Elliot writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, who has powers to let the same.

Sale of Lands in Kirkcudbright.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 21st of January 1784, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon. THE LANDS AFTERMENTIONED, either together or in such lots as shall be made fixed upon.

Lot I. The Lands of PEARTREE and KNOCKJIG, lying within the parish of Kirkpatrick Iron-grass, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.—These lands are in the proprietor's natural possession, but might be let at a rent of 40l. or 50l. They lie about six or seven miles from Laghall, near Dumfries, where lime is landed. Part of them is already limed, and the whole inclosed and properly divided. There is a good deal of wood on these lands, also an orchard, &c. The tacks are valued, and a decent of sale thereof obtained.

Lot II. The Lands of PIBLE, lying in the parish of Kirkmabreck and stewartry of Kirkcudbright. These lands are let at 22l. 6d. upon a tack for nineteen years from Whitunday 1779. They consist of a-hove 720 acres, partly arable and meadow, and partly muir ground. They lie within two miles of Ferrytown, where plenty of shells are to be had. Part of them is already shelled, and the whole well inclosed and properly divided.

Lot III. The Seller's Liferent Superiority of the Lands of CHAPEL-TOWN, lying in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The articles of roup, &c. to be seen in the hands of William Keith accountant, or John Tait, jun. writer to the Signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh; to either of whom, or to John Thomson writer in Kirkcudbright, persons desirous of further information may apply.

SALE of LANDS in DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th of February 1784, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, either together, or in such lots as shall be made fixed upon.

The LANDS and ESTATE of KIRKMICHAEL and GLENAE, lying within the parishes of Kirkmichael and Tinvale, and county of Dumfries, the free rent of which at present, after all deductions, is above 1350l. Sterling.

This estate extends from ten to within four miles and a half of Dumfries; the great road now making from Edinburgh to Dumfries, by Moffat, runs through the heart of it. The whole estate, except part of one farm, is arable. It lies compact in the midst of a pleasant country, well situated for lime, either from Dumfries, or from the lime-works of Clovenstone, at about six miles distance. The crops which it produces, both of wheat and oats, are remarkable in quality, and Dumfries and Annan, in the neighbourhood, are inexhaustible markets for grain, both for home consumption and exportation.

There is a good mansion-house on the estate, pleasantly situated on the banks of the river of Ae, and the policy and inclosures are extensive and beautiful. There is a large orchard well stocked, and a great deal of wood on the ground, both old and young. The farm-houses are new built, and upon the best plans.

The whole estate holds of the Crown, and affords several freehold qualifications. The title-deeds are perfectly clear; the whole tacks are valued; the tacks of the lands in the parish of Tinvale are estimated by the stipend payable to the minister, and the proprietor has right to the tacks of the lands in the parish of Kirkmichael.

The title-deeds, articles of roup, rentals, and current leases, are to be seen in the hands of John Tait, jun. writer to the Signet, Edinburgh; and copies of the articles of roup, &c. are also lodged with James Graham writer in Dumfries, factor on the estate; and to either of them, or to the proprietor at Kirkmichael-house, or Mr John Hay accountant in Edinburgh, persons desirous of further information may apply.

Mr Hay has power to sell by private bargain.

Sale of Lands in Kirkcudbright.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 6th of February 1784, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon (the sale positively to proceed that day).

The LANDS and ESTATE of BARMACACHEN, lying in the parish of Borge and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

These lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 2200l. Scots, but entitle the proprietor to a freehold qualification upon the old extent. The estate consists of near 300 Scots acres of excellent fine land, and has the means of improvement within itself, and a great part is already improved. There is a good mansion-house on the premises, with offices of all kinds, and a large garden well stocked with fruit-trees, and the farm-houses are very sufficient.

There is also a good deal of wood, both natural and planted, about the mansion-house, which stands in a most delightful situation, about a mile from and in view of the sea, and within three miles of the great military road leading from Carlisle to Portpatrick. The present rent is about 250l. Sterling, and a considerable rise may be expected upon the issue of the present leases, the greatest part of which expire at Whitunday 1784. Great part of the price will be allowed to remain in the purchaser's hands. The tacks are valued.

For further particulars apply to Mr William Keith accountant, or John Tait, jun. writer to the Signet, Edinburgh; or Matthew Buchanan or John Smith, writers in Kirkcudbright. Mr Paterfon of Dundee, in the neighbourhood, will show the lands; and Mr Keith has power to sell by private bargain.

PRICE FURTHER REDUCED.

Judicial Sale adjourned to Wednesday, Jan. 14. BY Authority of the Court of Session, there is to be exposed to Sale by way of public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th day of January 1784, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bench.

The REMAINING PART of the SUBJECTS which belonged to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late writer in Edinburgh:

The Town and Lands of SOUTHFORD, alias SOUTHFIELD, and whole Pertinents thereof, lying within the parish and regality of Dunfermline, and shire of Fife.

These lands hold of the Crown.—The free yearly rent of the stock, after all deductions, is proved to be 1252 3 8-12ths

Exclusive of the lime-quarry, which is proven to be worth, of yearly rent, 10 0 0

And the proven free tiend of these lands is 2 5 6 1-12ths

Proven free rent of stock and tiend, 1264 10 11 7-12ths

The SUPERIORITY of the KIRK-LANDS of CUPAR, and others, lying within the parish of Cupar and shire of Fife, holding blench of the Crown. The annual feu-duty payable out of these lands to the superior is ad. Sterling yearly, the double thereof at the entry of each heir, and ad. Sterling at the entry of each singular successor. The valued rent is 164l. Scots.

The lands of Southford, along with the above superiority, make up a qualification to vote for a member of parliament in the county of Fife, and are now to be exposed to sale in one lot at the reduced price of 4500l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. will be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Ross, depute-clerk of Session.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

Sale of the ESTATE of ORCHARDTON, (in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright) In Whole or in Lots.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th of January 1784, the roup to begin at five o'clock afternoon.

All and Whole the LANDS and ESTATE of ORCHARDTON, lying within the parishes of Baillie, Kenwick, and united parishes of Gellon and Kellon, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

This estate consists of 3267 acres Scots measure, whereof there are 1690 acres of rich arable ground, and 1577 acres of excellent pasture. Almost the whole estate is inclosed, and the arable farms are subdivided with good fences. The farm-houses, which are timbered with the best foreign wood, and covered with slates, and office-houses, are in the very best order, most of them having been built within these three years.—The present rent of the estate is about 2200l. Sterling, after deduction of all public burdens; and, by subdividing the larger farms, a considerable rise of rent might be obtained. The tenants are in general men of wealth, and are carrying on great improvements by means of lime, marle, sea-shells, &c. with which the lands are plentifully supplied.

The natural wood on this estate is extensive, and the whole of an age fit for cutting. From a late appraisement it appears, that the value of the wood is upwards of 500l. Sterling.

Upon the lands of New Orchardton there has been lately built a large, elegant, and commodious mansion-house, with a complete set of office-houses, and houses for labouring servants, executed in the most substantial manner; in erecting and completing which buildings there has been expended upwards of 5000l. Sterling. There is also a good garden and orchard, well stocked with fruit-trees.

The house of Orchardton is delightfully situated near the bay of Histon, on the Solway frith, and has a commanding prospect of the coast of England on the opposite shore. Within the bounds of the estate are several good harbours, fit to receive vessels of considerable burden, particularly one within 200 yards of the house of Orchardton. From the bay near the house, the family residing there are at all seasons plentifully supplied with a variety of fish, which are taken by the servants, without difficulty, by placing nets at low water.—Among the many advantages which this estate enjoys, it may be remarked, that it lies in a country where the spring and summer are earlier than in any other place in Scotland, and the cold and other disagreeable effects of the east wind are scarcely felt.

The whole estate holds of the Crown for payment of small feu and blench duties, and stands valued in the cess-books at 1047l. Scots, which, with two forty shilling lands of old extent, entitles the proprietor to four freehold qualifications.

The upset-price of the estate, if exposed altogether, is proposed to be only 23,000l. Sterling.

If the estate is not sold in whole, it will be exposed in lots as follows, viz.

Lot I.—Mains of Orchardton, Chapelroft, Blackbelly, &c. New Mill of Orchardton and Glenmichael, and Mill of Auchincruick, the present free rent whereof is about 780l.—Upset-price to be 18,700l.

Lot II.—This lot includes the mansion-house and all the natural wood.

Lot III.—The Farm of Clovenstone, lying detached from the rest of the estate; rent 200l.—Upset-price to be 4700l.

Lot IV.—The Farm of Clagton; rent 2000l.—Upset-price to be 4700l.

For further particulars enquire at the proprietor at Orchardton-house, William Keith accountant in Edinburgh, or at James Baillie at the Stamp Office, who will show the tacks, rental, progress of works, and a plan and measurement of the estate.—Any person inclining to treat by private bargain before the day of sale may apply as above.

By his Majesty's Letters Patent.

THE STOMACH PILLS

Are prepared by JAMES SPEEDIMAN, the proprietor, at the Piazza, Apple, No. 186, between Norfolk and Arundel Streets, in the Strand, London, and sold at 1s. 6d. per box, with full directions for taking them.—By his appointment, they are also sold by Messrs. HUSBAND, ELDER, and Co. Edinburgh.

THIS valuable medicine has, by upwards of twenty-five years private practice, and since by more than ten years public sale, so clearly proved its great merit to all those who have used it, that they have been induced to recommend the Stomach Pills as the best remedy for all complaints in the stomach and bowels, arising from want of appetite, indigestion, obstructions from wind, and cramp, in colic habits, and in the bilious colic, &c.

They are the safest and best physic in female obstructions, for preventing dropsy and jaundice, and for removing the bad effects arising from a full or hardy diet, or from the bad qualities of any food or drink. They give great relief in jaundice and in gouty complaints, and as they require no particular regimen of diet, they may be used with certain advantage, as the best medicine yet known for keeping the body in a proper habit.

To be SOLD by public roup, in the house of Charles White viduar, Shore of Leith, on Friday the 16th of January 1784, betwixt four and five afternoon.

ALL and Hail that Tenement of Houses ad-joining to the Brewery lately belonging to the deceased Andrew Mitchell, lying in the Lee's Quarter (now St Giles's Street), as the same are occupied by Charles Lawton mariner, and others. Rental 13l. Upset price 1600l.

AS ALSO, All and Hail that Tenement of Land lying in the Abbey-hill, opposite to Conely Garden, presently possessed by George Sim-fon taylor, and others. Rental about 20l. Upset price 1800l.

The title-deeds and conditions of roup are in the hands of Alexander Nielson solicitor at law, Leith.

SALE of LANDS in ARGYLSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, upon Wednesday the 4th of February 1784, betwixt five and six o'clock afternoon.

THE ESTATE of DUNTOON and OIB, lying in the parishes of Kilmartine and North Knapdale, and shire of Argyll. The present free rent is upwards of 860l.—The lands are mostly out of kyle; the longest of those current do not exceed six years from Whitunday 1783. In this rent are included, at reasonable conventions, 136 bolls oatmeal, and 76 bolls barley, with sundry kain and casualties, optional to the proprietor to exact in kind or fixed converted prices, and which the tenants have paid in money for years past. The tenants are all thriving, and pay their rents punctually, and their houses are all in good repair.

These lands are conveniently situated for markets, on the arms of the sea called Loch Crinan and Loch Sween, and within four miles of the great carriage-road leading from Inverury to Campbeltown, whence (at Lochgilphead) there strikes off an excellent carriage-road, passing thro' the estate to the mansion-house of Dunroon, on the lands of Ardschall. This house and offices are commodious, and in good repair, pleasantly situated close to the sea, and upon a promontory, jutting into Loch Crinan, with an orchard well stored with fruit-trees.

The whole of the estate is of an excellent quality and soil, both for grass and corn, of great extent, and sufficiently inclosed, and partly subdivided, and capable of considerable improvement and rise of rent, the climate being early, from the favourable exposure, and a warm situation of the lands, lying upon lime-stone, and abounding with turf. The valuable flat and sea-march of Crinan and Cullebruck, consisting of more than 2000 acres, is mostly well adapted for the plough.

There is a very valuable natural wood upon the estate, which was cut a few years ago, and brought to wood. Upwards of 2000 oak standards (some of a considerable size), and some hagg, were then reserved, and the wood having been thoroughly fenced, and well taken care of, is now in a very thriving state. There are also considerable plantations of the wood of different kinds upon the lands of Ardschall and Tilliger, so that, altogether, a more complete property for its extent seldom appears in the market. It holds of the Duke of Argyll for payment of a small feu-duty.

The whole will be sold together or separately. If in lots, the following are proposed:

I. The Lands of Ardschall, Tilliger, Crinan, East Ardschall, West Ardschall, Kilmartine, Brainsport, and the Acres annexed, with the Salmon Fishings of the water of Add; rent about 1,371 0 0

II. The Lands of Cullebruck (having a most elegant situation for a mansion-house), Ballinbourn, Achachroim, and Ardschall, with the other Acres annexed, the Mill of Stock-valline, and Feu-duties payable out of the estates of Polal-loch, Islandree, and Glencharn; rent about 270 0 0

III. The Lands of Oib, Moss, Gars-Oib, and Kilmartie, with the Acres annexed, and Mill of Koylzeber; rent about 162 0 0

IV. The Lands of Laggan, with the pendicle of Laggan-ruarie; rent about 57 0 0

In all, 1,860 0 0

The title-deeds are clear, and, with the tacks, are in the hands of John Muir writer to the Signet, who, and Duncan Campbell writer at law, will inform as to other particulars.

John Campbell, schoolmaster at Dunroon, will show that estate, and John Campbell at Tayloch will show the estate of Oib.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Public are requested to accept the Tri-bute of Mrs MARY NORTON's most grateful acknowledgments for their protection and her great success.—It gives her the most heartfelt satisfaction, as she attributes such flattering testimonies of their approbation not to herself, but to the approved excellency of her late husband's medicines. Repeated complaints of persons injured in their health by different impurities, makes it necessary to caution every person against their address; however artfully inserted.

Mrs Norton continues, as usual, her late husband's medicines: MARETANT'S ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS, being a certain cure for the Sea and Land Scurvy, Pimples, Scorbatic Gout, and every outward eruption. The bill of direction, the cheque, and label, are all signed by her.

The new tax on medicines, laid by persons liable to take out licenses, raises the 6s. bottles to 7s. All her late husband's medicines will have only the exact addition of the price of each stamp added to the accustomed price. All wholesale and retail vendors are requested to procure the stamps for themselves; which proposal Mrs Norton has been happy to find hitherto well received, and sincerely hopes, upon considering the subject, it will be generally approved, as her whole wish is to afford universal satisfaction.

A pamphlet of cures given at her house (gratis) in Golden-square, where may be had—NARCISS DROPS and PILLS, and ASTHMATIC DROPS.

AUGUST 29, 1783.

CURE not yet published.

"I THINK it just to make it known, that my son, WILLIAM GILLES, was cured of an inveterate scury, which appeared on his hands in the most shocking manner. He was under a physician's care, from whom he received no benefit; but is perfectly cured by taking six bottles of Surgeon Norton's Antiscorbatic Drops." I made this public unqualified attestation, due to so valuable a medicine, and in praise of the author, to whose wisdom I have returned my acknowledgments for restoring my son to health.

Sold (by appointment) by HUSBAND, ELDER, and Co. Edinburgh; Messrs Morrison and Son, Perth; Messrs Leslie and Co. Glasgow; Aberdeen; and by Mr Angus McDonald Jeweller, Glasgow.

BY THE KING'S PATENT.

THE Universal Balm called Samaritan Water. THIS admirable water merits, in the greatest degree, the attention of the public, being the best remedy yet discovered for almost every outward or local complaint, and more particularly for the following, viz.

1. For Strains, Bruises, and Injuries from blows or falls.
2. For Fresh Wounds of every kind.
3. For old Sores and Ulcers, even of the very worst nature.
4. For inflammatory Tumours, Blisters, Whitlows, &c.
5. For the Erysipelas, or St Anthony's Fire, the Shingles, Tetters, and all sharp scorbutic eruptions, especially for that commonly obnoxious complaint, a scald-head.
6. For hard Swellings in the breasts, whether proceeding from blows, coagulated milk, or any other cause.
7. For preventing Cancer, or, if already formed, for stopping their further progress, and easing the pain.
8. For White Swellings on the joints, Swelled Glands, and all disorders of a scrophulous nature.
9. For Weakness or Soreness of the Eyes, Species upon the Cornes, Heat and Inflammations of the Eyelids, &c.

In all the above cases, and many others, it is the safest and most certain application that can be made, and never failing to give relief, performing cures in half the time commonly required, and even where every other means have been tried in vain, and will be found, upon trial, to be a truly and UNIVERSAL BALM and INFALLIBLE REMEDY for almost all external complaints.

Sold by appointment of the patentees, T. GREENOUGH, Chemist, at No. 10, Ludgate-hill, London, and by HUSBAND, ELDER, and Co. facing the Tron Church, Edinburgh. Price 2d. each bottle.

N. B. A more particular account of the nature and effects of the Samaritan Water may be had at the above places.